

DNA Microarray for 1 CFU/g Detection of *Aspergillus*, *Salmonella*, *STEC* (*stx1* and *stx2*) in Dried Cannabis & Hemp Flower

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INTRODUCTION:

As the cannabis industry expands and becomes more heavily regulated, the need for tools to detect microbial contamination increases. The majority of states with approved medical or recreational cannabis require 1 CFU/g detection of those pathogens. The purpose of this study was to conduct an AOAC PTM matrix study of PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined method in dried cannabis flower and in hemp flower

METHODS:

Detect[®] Combined is a microarray-based end point PCR assay, was used to simultaneously identify both bacterial and fungal organisms in hemp and cannabis flower. To compare the effectiveness of the Detect[®] Combined test method, each sample was assessed by traditional microbiological plating, qPCR, serologic methods, biochemical methods and by the PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined microarray.

The detailed IFU for the Detect[®] Combined assay are available via 2D barcode scan, based on the recently approved AOAC PTM (Right, Lower). Briefly, 1gr of dried Cannabis flower was hydrated by addition of 9ml of PBS. (1)ml of that re-hydrate was recovered, centrifuged to generate a pellet which is then heat-lysed, neutralized and treated with ProK. 2uL of the resulting Pro K treated lysate was then subjected to a multiplexed, asymmetric PCR reaction. The resulting Cy-3 labelled (single stranded) multiplex PCR product was then mixed with Hybridization Buffer and applied directly to (1) well of the Detect[®] Combined microarray. Hybridization proceeded at RT for 30 minutes, followed by 3x wash steps and imaging of the entire 96-well plate on a Sensospot Imager. Central Panel, Upper.

TEST CONTENT:

The Detect[®] Combined array contains probes for (7) Bacteria and (4) Fungi. Hybridization probes for each are printed in triplicate as a 12x12 microarray, one microarray each on the bottom of (1) well of a standard (8x12) 96-well plate. The fraction of the test content presently validated by AOAC is shown in Bold.

| Bacterial Organisms | Fungal Organisms |
|--|------------------------------|
| <i>Salmonella</i> spp | <i>Aspergillus flavus</i> |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> specific (<i>Stx1/2</i>) | <i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i> |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> / <i>Shigella</i> spp | <i>Aspergillus terreus</i> |
| <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> | <i>Aspergillus niger</i> |
| <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> | |
| <i>Listeria</i> spp | |
| <i>Clostridium botulinum</i> | |

Bold=Organisms in Detect[®] Combined Certified here by AOAC (PTM 012201)
Other organisms are included in the Detect[®] Combined assay, to be validated later.



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Abstract: Several harmful pathogens have been identified in cannabis flower that pose a risk to consumers such as *Aspergillus*, *Salmonella*, and *STEC*-*Escherichia coli*. The majority of states with approved medical or recreational cannabis require 1 CFU/g detection of these pathogens. The objective was to conduct an AOAC PTM matrix study of PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined method in dried cannabis flower (delta 9- tetrahydrocannabinol >0.3%; 10 g sample size) and hemp flower. The Detect[®] Combined assay was tested following AOAC Official Methods of Analysis Appendix J validation guidelines and the AOAC Cannabis *Aspergillus*, *Salmonella* and *STEC* protocol for 1 CFU/g detection in cannabis and hemp flower. Inclusivity and exclusivity, product consistency and assay robustness were also evaluated.



PathogenDx Process Workflow: The PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined assay is AOAC validated for Cannabis and Hemp without the need for sample enrichment. The DNA microarray technology, by PathogenDx, combines multiplexed PCR with specific single stranded DNA probes fixed to a glass microscope slide to detect and quantify a variety of bacterial and fungal pathogens in under 6 hours without the need for sample enrichment. The 12 x12 layout of the Detect[®] Combined microarray spots are detected by imaging of Cy-5 added to each microarray probe, and is used for QC and automated image analysis on dedicated Augury software. Each spot comprises a single unique synthetic oligonucleotide, each printed as a 100um spot, 250um on center.

| Matrix | Strain | MPN+/Test portion | N ^b | Candidate | | | | Confirmed | | dPOD _{CL} ^d | 95% CI ^f |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | x ^a | POD _{CL} ^d | 95% CI | X | POD _{CL} ^e | 95% CI | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dried Hemp Flower | <i>Aspergillus flavus</i> ATCC 16883 | - | 5 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | | 0.49 (0.25, 0.85) | 20 | 17 | 0.850 | 0.639, 0.947 | 15 | 0.750 | 0.531, 0.888 | 0.100 | -0.152, 0.340 |
| | | 1.84 (0.91, 3.75) | 5 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | <i>Salmonella Typhimurium</i> ATCC 14028 | - | 5 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | | 0.69 (0.51, 1.37) | 20 | 7 | 0.350 | 0.181, 0.567 | 5 | 0.250 | 0.112, 0.469 | 0.100 | -0.176, 0.357 |
| | | 1.11 (0.60, 3.18) | 5 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | <i>Escherichia coli</i> O26:H11 BAA-2196 | - | 5 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | | 0.69 (0.40, 1.14) | 20 | 16 | 0.800 | 0.584, 0.919 | 15 | 0.750 | 0.531, 0.888 | 0.050 | -0.192, 0.287 |
| | | 1.84 (0.91, 3.75) | 5 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |

Table 1. PathogenDx Hemp POD table (from AOAC final report). Comparing the Candidate method Detect[®] Combined vs the Confirmed BAM method.

| Matrix | Strain | MPN+/Test portion | N ^b | Candidate | | | | Confirmed | | dPOD _{CL} ^d | 95% CI ^f |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | x ^a | POD _{CL} ^d | 95% CI | X | POD _{CL} ^e | 95% CI | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dried Cannabis Flower | <i>Aspergillus niger</i> ATCC 36626 | - | 5 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | | 0.54 (0.29, 0.92) | 20 | 15 | 0.750 | 0.531, 0.888 | 15 | 0.750 | 0.531, 0.888 | 0.000 | -0.132, 0.132 |
| | | 1.61 (0.64, 3.54) | 5 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | <i>Salmonella</i> Enteritidis ATCC 13076 | - | 5 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | | 0.69 (0.51, 1.37) | 20 | 14 | 0.700 | 0.481, 0.855 | 13 | 0.650 | 0.433, 0.819 | 0.050 | -0.226, 0.217 |
| | | 1.97 (0.91, 4.27) | 5 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7 ATCC 35150 | - | 5 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.434 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |
| | | 0.82 (0.49, 1.36) | 20 | 14 | 0.650 | 0.481, 0.855 | 14 | 0.650 | 0.481, 0.855 | 0.000 | -0.132, 0.132 |
| | | 2.57 (1.15, 5.78) | 5 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 5 | 1.000 | 0.566, 1.000 | 0.000 | -0.469, 0.469 |

Table 2 PathogenDx Cannabis POD table (from AOAC final report). Comparing the Candidate method Detect[®] Combined vs the Confirmed BAM method.

RESULTS:

A key component of the present AOAC reviewed Matrix study (Tables 1,2) demonstrates that Detect[®] Combined detects fungal and bacterial organisms simultaneously with sensitivity & specificity equivalent to that obtained with analytical plate culture (Columns 6 vs 9) and that the measured Sensitivity and Specificity is unchanged when comparing dried hemp flower (Table1) vs cannabis flower (Table 2) as the matrix.

In the parallel AOAC Inclusivity study, 50 out of 50 target isolates (*Aspergillus* and *STEC*) were correctly detected. **See accompanying AOAC Report.**

In the parallel AOAC Exclusivity study, 26 out of 30 *Aspergillus* and 30 out of 30 *STEC* non-target strains were correctly excluded. **See accompanying AOAC Report.**

CONCLUSION:

In summary, these AOAC Certified data suggest that the PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined assay is an effective method for simultaneous qualitative detection of *Aspergillus*, *Salmonella*, and *STEC* in a multiplex assay from dried hemp flower and cannabis flower and as a result has been awarded AOAC PTM Certification No. 012201

This study emphasizes:

- The PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined microarray technology can detect bacteria and fungal spores at the limit detection previously only attainable by plate culture.
- The PathogenDx Detect[®] Combined microarray technology functions without enrichment culture and with highly simplified sample preparation, thereby increasing testing throughput. i.e. raw sample to answer in less than 6 hrs on up to (7) bacterial and (4) *Aspergillus* target organisms per sample, on 96 distinct hemp or cannabis samples in parallel.

